

Carbohydrates and Glycaemic Index (GI)

Carbohydrates

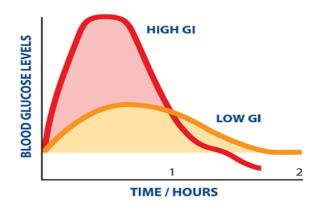
- Carbohydrate is found in a variety of food and drink and provides the body with fuel (energy)
- Many foods containing carbohydrate also provide fibre, vitamins and minerals
- Carbohydrate breaks down into glucose during digestion and is absorbed into the blood stream
- The type and quantity of carbohydrate you eat will affect your blood glucose levels

Which Foods Contain Carbohydrates?

Healthy Carbohydrate Choices	Less Healthy Carbohydrate Choices
✓ Wholegrain Bread	✤ Biscuits
 Wholegrain Breakfast Cereal 	 Cakes, Pastry
 Grains e.g. Barley, Quinoa 	🚸 Sugar, Jam
 Pasta, Noodles 	🚸 Honey, Maple Syrup
✓ Rice	Chocolate, Confectionary
 Wholegrain & Wholemeal Flour 	Regular Soft Drink, Cordial
 Lentils and Legumes 	Fruit Juice
 Starchy Vegetables - Potato, Sweet Potato, Corn 	Potato Crisps, Corn Chips
✓ Fruit	 Ice-cream, Custard
✓ Milk, Yoghurt	

Glycaemic Index

Glycaemic Index (GI) is a measure of how quickly or slowly a carbohydrate food is digested and increases blood glucose levels.



Higher GI Carbohydrates Increase blood glucose levels more *quickly* Choose these less often

Lower GI Carbohydrates Increase blood glucose levels more *slowly* These are the preferred choice

Summary of Lower and Higher Glycaemic Index Choices

Remember that both the GI and the quantity of carbohydrate foods consumed will affect your blood glucose levels. Lower GI choices are preferable.

Food	✓ Lower GI	Higher GI	
Bread	 Multigrain Traditional Sourdough Pumpernickel Fruit & Grain Baker's Delight Low GI White Wholemeal Pita Goodness Superfoods Barley Wraps 	 White Wholemeal Dark & Light Rye Bagel Turkish & Foccacia Crumpets English Muffins 	
Suggested Serve Size			
Breakfast Cereal	 Untoasted Muesli Rolled Oats (Porridge) Kellogg's All-Bran, Guardian Uncle Toby's Oatbrits Multigrain Weetbix 	 Sultana Bran, Lite n Tasty Instant Oats (Porridge) Just Right Cornflakes Rice Bubbles Puffed Wheat 	
Suggested Serve Size			
Pasta & Noodles	 Wheat Pasta Vermicelli, Mung Bean Noodles Soba Noodles Rice Noodles 	 Canned Spaghetti Corn & Rice Pasta Potato Gnocchi Udon Noodles Instant Noodles 	
Suggested Serve Size			
	 Basmati Long Grain Mahatma Long Grain Wild Moolgiri SunRice Doongara CleverRice SunRice Low GI Brown Rice Black Red Chia and Quinoa Rice Blends 	 Jasmine Medium Grain – White & Brown Arborio (risotto) White Rice Congee Sushi Rice 	
Suggested Serve Size	·		

Grains Quinoa Bulghur (cracked wheat) Barley Pearl / Israeli Cous Cous Buckwheat, Freekeh Suggested Serve Size All Dried and Canned e.g. Kidney Beans, Chickpeas, Brown Lentils, Baked Beans Potato: Carisma, Nicola Sweet Potato (orange flesh) Com Yam Yam Yam Note: Eat skin on potato to help lower GI. Most salad, stir fry, green & coloured vegetables contain very little or no carbohydrate and do not have a GI value. Note: Suggested Serve Size Fruit Apple, Pear Banaa Nectarine, Peach Cantaloupe Watermeion Lychee (canned in Isrge) Cananee, Mandarin, Grapefruit 	Food	✓ Lower GI	✤ Higher GI	
Lentils & Image: Second Se	Pearl Barley Pount hartay	 Bulghur (cracked wheat) Barley Pearl / Israeli Cous Cous Buckwheat, Freekeh Semolina 		
Legumes •.g. Kidney Beans, Chickpeas, Brown Lentils, Baked Beans Suggested Serve Size Starchy Vegetables Potato: Carisma, Nicola Sweet Potato (orange flesh) Corn Yam Corn Yam Note: Eat skin on potato to help lower GI. Most salad, stir fry, green & coloured vegetables contain very little or no carbohydrate and do not have a GI Suggested Serve Size Fruit Apple, Pear Banana Nectarrine, Peach Apricot, Plum Cantaloupe Watermelon Lychee (canned in syrup)				
Starchy Vegetables Potato: Carisma, Nicola Sweet Potato (orange flesh) Corn Yam Note: Eat skin on potato to help lower GI. Most salad, stir fry, green & coloured vegetables contain very little or no carbohydrate and do not have a GI value. Suggested Serve Size Apple, Pear Banana Nectarine, Peach Apricot, Plum Apricot, Plum Carisma, Nicola Potato: Desiree, New, Pontiac, Sebago Sweet Potato (purple skin & kumara) Note: Some semi-starchy vegetables (e.g. (pumpkin, peas, carrot, parsnip, broad beans and beetroot) have a GI value, but rarely elevate blood glucose levels unless consumed in large quantities. 	Sit Reduced	e.g. Kidney Beans, Chickpeas,		
Starchy Vegetables Carisma, Nicola Desiree, New, Pontiac, Sebago Sweet Potato (orange flesh) Sweet Potato (orange flesh) Desiree, New, Pontiac, Sebago Yam Yam Note: Eat skin on potato to help lower GI. Most salad, stir fry, green & coloured vegetables contain very little or no carbohydrate and do not have a GI value. Note: Some semi-starchy vegetables (e.g. (pumpkin, peas, carrot, parsnip, broad beans and beetroot) have a GI value, but rarely elevate blood glucose levels unless consumed in large quantities. Suggested Serve Size Y Apple, Pear Cantaloupe Y Banana Nectarine, Peach Y Apricot, Plum X Cantaloupe	Suggested Serve Size			
Fruit Apple, Pear Banana Nectarine, Peach Apricot, Plum Apple, Pear Cantaloupe Use and an an an antice peach Apricot, Plum Apple, Pear Cantaloupe Use and an antice peach Cantaloupe Use and antice peach 	-	Carisma, Nicola ✓ Sweet Potato (orange flesh) ✓ Corn	Desiree, New, Pontiac, Sebago Sweet Potato	
Fruit ✓ Apple, Pear ◆ Cantaloupe ✓ Banana ◆ Watermelon ✓ Nectarine, Peach ◆ Lychee ✓ Apricot, Plum (canned in syrup)		Eat skin on potato to help lower GI. Most salad, stir fry, green & coloured vegetables contain very little or no carbohydrate and do not have a GI	Some semi-starchy vegetables (e.g. (pumpkin, peas, carrot, parsnip, broad beans and beetroot) have a GI value, but rarely elevate blood glucose levels	
✓ Banana ◆ Watermelon ✓ Nectarine, Peach ◆ Lychee ✓ Apricot, Plum (canned in syrup)	Suggested Serve Size			
✓ Berries Note:	Fruit	 Banana Nectarine, Peach Apricot, Plum Orange, Mandarin, Grapefruit Berries Kiwi Fruit Grapes Pineapple Paw Paw, Mango 	 Watermelon Lychee (canned in syrup) Note: Although fruit juice and dried fruit have a lower GI, consume only small amounts occasionally. Fresh fruit is preferable. Lower GI fruit canned in juice can be 	

Food	✓ Lower GI	 Higher GI
	 Milk & Yoghurt Soy Milk & Yoghurt Almond Milk Note: Choose reduced fat, reduced sugar varieties for heart health and weight management 	 Sweetened Condensed Milk Rice Milk Oat Milk
Suggested Serve Size		
Savoury Biscuits	 Vita-Weat 9 Grain Ryvita Multigrain Ryvita Pumpkin Seeds & Oats 	 Rice Crackers Salada, Sao Corn Thins & Rice Cakes Kavli, Cruskits, Matza Water Crackers Pretzels
Suggested Serve Size	•	·

Health Benefits of Lower GI Foods:

- They result in a slower rise in blood glucose levels after eating
- They result in a lower "peak" or rise in blood glucose levels
- They provide a feeling of fullness for longer and therefore may assist weight control

Tips to Lower the GI

- Acidity will lower the GI of a meal. Add vinegar or lemon juice to meals as a dressing.
- Fibre, particularly soluble fibre can lower GI. Add psyllium husks to breakfast cereal; add salad vegetables to a sandwich; add lentils to soup; choose high-fibre wholegrain bread and cereal.
- Cooking then cooling rice or potato (e.g. a rice or potato salad) can lower the GI.
- Eating protein as part of a meal can lower the GI. Combine a serve of fish, lean meat, skinless chicken, egg or tofu with a serve of a lower GI carbohydrate food and plenty of low carbohydrate vegetables. Refer to the "Plate Model" resource for more information.

Low GI Symbol

Look for the Low GI symbol on packaged foods. Note that some food manufacturers choose not to have their products GI tested.



Low GI Choices in a Healthy Diet

Spread your intake of carbohydrate food and drink at meals and snacks throughout the day. Some meal and snack examples are listed below. **Lower GI** choices are in **bold** font.

Breakfast

- ✓ Untoasted muesli (1/2 cup) with reduced fat yoghurt (100g)
- ✓ Multigrain bread (2 slices) served with 1 boiled egg, tomato, mushrooms and spinach
- ✓ 1 cup cooked traditional rolled oats made with reduced fat milk and topped with ½ banana
- ✓ Kellogg's Guardian (3/4 cup) with reduced fat milk
- ✓ Smoothie reduced fat milk (200ml), berries (1/2 cup) and reduced fat yoghurt (100g)

Lunch / Light Meal

- ✓ Sandwich: Multigrain bread (2 slices), skinless chicken & plenty of salad vegetables
- Soup: **Barley** (1 cup cooked), tomato broth & plenty of low carbohydrate vegetables
- ✓ Wrap: Multigrain Wrap (1), canned three-bean mix (1/2 cup), spinach, cucumber & capsicum
- ✓ Salad: **125g tin of kidney beans,** mixed with canned tuna & plenty of salad vegetables

Dinner / Main Meal

- ✓ Spaghetti (1 cup cooked) & lean meat Bolognese sauce, with a side salad
- ✓ Grilled salmon with baked sweet potato (200g) & steamed green vegetables
- ✓ Skinless chicken & vegetable stir-fry with **soba noodles** (1 cup cooked)
- Tofu & Vegetable curry (no potato) served with basmati rice (1 cup cooked)

Snacks

- ✓ Fruit: Apple (1 medium size) or kiwi fruit (2 small size) or banana (1 small size)
- Reduced fat yoghurt (200g) or milk (250ml)
- Superfoods Fibreboost 1st Cereal Bar (1 bar)
- ✓ Vita-Weat 9 Grain (2-4 biscuits) with 1-2 slices of reduced fat cheese

For More Information

• Low GI Diet Shopper's Guide (annual editions)

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